TASAF PROJECT PROFILE – MWANZA CITY

Introduction

Mwanza City Council is one of the seven (7) Districts in Mwanza Region implementing Productive Social Safety Net (PSSN) Program. This program is implemented in 17 wards and in 73 Mitaa at Mwanza city, Project Area Authority (PAA). The program was launched on October, 2014 with expectation of targeting a total of 14,847 poor households' beneficiaries. During targeting exercise, a total of 10,512 Poor Households (PHH) were identified which is 70.80% of the targeted PHH. On **27**th **January 2015** the second phase of Validation and Enrolment exercise started with expectation of enrolling a total number of **8,502 PHH** beneficiaries that were entered to Proxy Mean Test (PMT) which is 80.87% of the targeted beneficiaries.

Objective:

The objective of TASAF III is to enable poor households to increase incomes and opportunities while improving consumption. PSSN targets people living under the basic need line, currently 33.6% of the population.

Expected Impacts of TASAF III PSSN

- Ex-ante simulations indicates:
 - ▶ Extreme poverty reduction by 52%
 - ▶ Extreme poverty gap reduction by 43%
- ▶ The cost of the program once it reaches all poor households leaving below food poverty will be approx. 0.6% of the GDP
- Emphasize on group saving and investment aspects
- Capacity building and community sessions
- ▶ Effective use of M&E system and MIS
- Effective technical support and facilitation

Beneficiaries:

 The direct beneficiaries of TASAF III are the people currently living below the food poverty line

- This support will be focused on the poor and vulnerable households as well as those temporarily affected by short-term shocks.
- These people will receive safety net support as well as the opportunity to participate in livelihood enhancing activities.
- The broader number of people living under the food poverty line will be eligible for livelihood support interventions as well as be prioritised for the targeted infrastructure support.

TASAF III Project components

(i) Productive Social Safety Net

The Productive Social Safety Net (PSSN) incorporates transfers linked to participation in public works and adherence to conditionality. A combination of three transfers protects vulnerable populations from the severest consequences of poverty by enabling households to purchase food, pay for medical care (including making contributions to the Community Health Fund), and reducing the need to pull children out of school in the event of a shock. All households targeted for the programme receive a basic unconditional transfer ensuring a basic level of support.

Objectives of the Productive Social Safety Net

- Increasing consumption of extremely poor on a permanent basis
- Smoothing consumption during lean season and shocks
- Investing in human capital
- Strengthening links with income generating activities
- Increase access to improved social services

Need for a Productive Social Safety Net System Approach

Poor and vulnerable house holds require different types of support. A single intervention is not enough

To move on to a positive trajectory(route)

To reduce vulnerability in the midand long-term by investing in To mitigatteman capital of children shocks

To cope with chronic poverty

(ii) Enhancement of livelihoods and increasing incomes

This component provides support to community driven interventions which enhance livelihoods and increase incomes (through community savings and investments as well as specific livelihood enhancing grants). It aims to enable TASAF III beneficiaries to save money to invest in livelihood enhancing activities, by supporting these investments with business development skills and technical training.

(iii) Targeted infrastructure development

This component supports development of infrastructures that belong to the sectors of education, health and water with a view to enabling service poor communities to realize the objectives of the safety net. It focuses on the construction of primary school buildings, health facilities and potable water supplies in villages without these services and without such services being available in nearby areas or where available services are inadequate

(iv) Capacity Building

The Capacity Building Component aims to ensure adequate programme implementation by communities, Local Government Authorities, Regions and National level players (including the TMU and sector ministries) and Zanzibar.

Benefits and Beneficiaries

- Target population
 - ▶ Those leaving below food poverty line
- Benefits
 - ▶ From the Conditional Cash Transfer:
 - ▶ Basic benefit: TZS 10,000 per month
 - ► Children under 18 years: TZS 4,000 per month
 - ▶ Health variable benefit
 - ☐ Children under 5 years 4,000 per month
 - ▶ Education variable benefit
 - ☐ Primary school TZS 2,000 per month with CAP TZS 8,000
 - ☐ Junior Secondary TZS 4,000 per month with CAP TZS 12,000
 - ☐ Senior Secondary TZS 6,000 per month with CAP TZS 12,000
 - From the cash-for-work:
 - TZS 2,300 per day for up to 60 days in four months per Households
 - From Livelihood enhancement:
 - capacity building and community sessions so as to do savings and invest in productive assets,
 - ▶ From Targeted Infrastructure:
 - support on Health, Education and Water sectors

Implemented Activities

Mwanza city council implemented component number one which is productive social safety net and capacity building to stakeholders, which incorporates transfers linked to participation in health and education conditionality. Therefor basing in this component, the following are implemented activities in Mwanza city council under program for social safety net (PSSN);

- Provision of basic and condition cash transfer to identified poor households
- Sensitization of poor households to join community health fund (CHF)

- Provision of entrepreneurship skills and sensitize PSSN beneficiaries to form saving and credit groups
- Updates beneficiaries information in TASAF Management Information System
- To make follow up on various activities implemented by beneficiaries as well as for those required to comply with health and education conditionality for cash transfer.

Achievement

- Total number of 5,701 beneficiaries, benefited from TASAF fund
- Since July 2015 up to December 2017, total amount Tsh 4.6 Billion has been transferred to 5,701 beneficiaries
- 1,728 Beneficiaries joined with Community health fund (CHF)
- Total number of 190 income generating activities groups formed.
- Improvement of life condition of beneficiaries compared to previous situation before joined into program

Challenges and Solution

• The project reached to 71.6% only of the poor house holds, there is 28.4% not reached by the Social Action Fund. In Mwanza City during that project started have a total of 102 mitaa but only 73 Mitaa were achieved to be enrolled, that means 29 Mitaa were not achieved into the Project. The Government is seriously intending all population currently living below the food poverty line are accessed by the Project to the next TASAF III second category that will exist for five years to accomplish ten years of project duration.

Pictures below are some of bebeficiaries with their entrepreneurship activities engaged, and

















Below are some Government leaders on the supervision of the project activities.







